

CRASH COURSE

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10EC52

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, May 2017 Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.**
2. Use of normalized filter tables not permitted.

PART – A

- 1**
- a. Define DFT. Derive the relationship of DFT to the z-transform. **(04 Marks)**
- b. Consider the finite length sequence $x(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-5)$. Find (i) the 10 point DFT of $x(n)$ (ii) the sequence $y(n)$ that has a DFT $Y(K) = e^{-j0\pi K/10} X(K)$ where $X(K)$ is the 10 point DFT of $x(n)$ (iii) the 10 point sequence $y(n)$ that has a DFT $y(k) = x(k)w(k)$ where $x(k)$ is the 10 point DFT of $x(n)$ and $w(k)$ is the 10 point DFT of $w(n) = u(n) - u(n-6)$. **(12 Marks)**
- c. Find the z-transform of the sequence $x(n) = \{0.5, 0, 0.5, 0\}$ using z transform, find its DFT. **(04 Marks)**
- 2**
- a. State and prove the (i) Circular convolution and (ii) Circular frequency shift properties of DFT. **(08 Marks)**
- b. Let $x(n) = \{1, 2, 0, 3, -2, 4, 7, 5\}$. Evaluate the following with out explicitly computing the DFT or IDFT:
(i) $X(0)$ (ii) $X(4)$ (iii) $\sum_{k=0}^7 X(K)$ (iv) $\sum_{k=0}^7 |X(K)|^2$ **(08 Marks)**
- c. Compute the circular autocorrelation of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 1, 2, 1\}$. **(04 Marks)**
- 3**
- a. Using overlap save method. Compute $y(n)$ of a FIR filter with impulse response $h(n) = \{3, 2, 1\}$ and input $x(n) = \{2, 1, -1, -2, -3, 5, 6, -1, 2, 0, 2, 1\}$ use only 8 point circular convolution in your approach. **(12 Marks)**
- b. Suppose that we are given 10 seconds of speech that has been sampled at a rate of 8 kHz and that we would like to filter it with an FIR filter $h(n)$ of length $M = 64$. Using the overlap save method with 1024 point DFTs, how many DFTs and IDFTs are necessary to perform the convolution? **(04 Marks)**
- c. State and prove the symmetry and periodicity properties of the DFT. **(04 Marks)**
- 4**
- a. Find the sequence $x(n)$ corresponding to the 8 point DFT ,
 $X(K) = \{4, 1 - j2.414, 0, 1 - j0.414, 0, 1 + j2.414\}$ by using any of the Radix 2 FFT algorithms to compute the IDFT. Draw the final signal flow graph and show the outputs for each stage. **(12 Marks)**
- b. Explain the Goertzel algorithm using a suitable diagram. Given $x(n) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$ find $x(2)$ using the Goertzel algorithm. **(08 Marks)**

PART – B

- 5 a. Given that $|H(e^{j\Omega})|^2 = \frac{1}{1+64\Omega^6}$, determine the analog Butterworth low pass filter transfer function. **(06 Marks)**
- b. Design an analog Chebyshev filter with a maximum passband attenuation of 2.5 dB at $\Omega_p = 20$ rad/sec and the stop band attenuation of 30 dB at $\Omega_s = 50$ rad/sec. **(10 Marks)**
- c. Compare Butterworth and Chebyshev filters. **(04 Marks)**
- 6 a. Design a linear phase high pass filter using the Hamming window for the following desired frequency response $H_d(\omega) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega}, & \frac{\pi}{6} \leq |\omega| \leq \pi \\ 0, & |\omega| < \frac{\pi}{6} \end{cases}$, $\omega(n) = 0.54 - 0.46 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n}{N-1}\right)$; where N is the length of the Hamming window. **(10 Marks)**
- b. Design a linear phase low pass FIR filter with 7 taps and a cut off frequency of $\omega_c = 0.3\pi$ rad using the frequency sampling method. **(10 Marks)**
- 7 a. Design a digital low pass Butter worth filter using Bilinear transformation method to meet the following specifications. Take $T = 2$ sec, Pass band ripple ≤ 1.25 dB, Pass band edge = 200 Hz, Stop band attenuation ≥ 15 dB, Stop band edge = 400 Hz, Sampling frequency = 2 KHz. **(12 Marks)**
- b. An analog filter is characterized with the transfer function $H(s) = \frac{s+0.1}{(s+0.1)^2+9}$. Derive the corresponding digital filter by using the impulse invariance technique. **(08 Marks)**
- 8 a. Obtain the direct form II and cascade realization of, $H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z^2+5z+6)(z-3)}{(z^2+6z+5)(z^2-6z+8)}$. The cascade section should consist of two biquadratic sections. **(10 Marks)**
- b. A FIR filter is given by,

$$y(n) = x(n) + \frac{2}{5}x(n-1) + \frac{3}{4}x(n-2) + \frac{1}{3}x(n-3)$$
 Draw the direct form I and lattice structure. **(10 Marks)**

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